Foreclosure Fairness Act Mortgage Banking Industry Perspective

Wendy Walter RCO Legal, P.S.

The information contained herein is confidential and proprietary and is for informational purposes only. No claims, promises or guarantees are made regarding the accuracy or completeness of this information. Legal advice must be tailored to the specific circumstances of each case and the information provided in this presentation may not be an appropriate fit for your case. This information should not be used as a substitute for the advice of competent legal counsel. Do not distribute without express permission.



Presentation Overview

- Why did banks join other stakeholders to help draft and improve the FFA?
- How does the FFA affect the mortgage banking industry in Washington and how does this differ than the rest of the country?
- What does the banking industry think about the new timeframe in which a homeowner can exercise his/her mediation rights?
- Policy question: Does the FFA help mortgage banking/servicing?



Why did banks join other stakeholders to help draft and improve the FFA?

 1) Banks benefit from a clear process (election timeframes and better document exchange rules)

2) Collaboration builds community

3) Opportunity to improve the state's foreclosure process



How does FFA affect bankers?

- It places extensive responsibility on financial institutions holding and servicing mortgage loans but it also provides a straightforward process.
- It requires them to set up specialized teams to handle the process.
- It requires them to employ local counsel to represent their interests at a local level.



How is "Foreclosure Fairness" implemented on other states?

- Other states have foreclosure mediation processes that are managed by court systems, counties, and municipalities.
- Banks generally prefer programs that are administered at a state level, programs that have consistent procedural rules.
- Hawaii 3rd Circuit state court
- Oregon program still under construction
 - Too many revisions to the FC process cut off mediation rights
 - Expiration of certificate of completion is a nuance



What does the banking industry think about the new timeframe in which a borrower can exercise his/her mediation rights?

- Moving the trigger date made sense for all parties. There was much confusion during the NOPFO process as to whether mediation could be triggered. Having meet-and-confer before mediation eliminates this confusion.
- Homeowners benefit by extending the timeframe for mediation to 20 days post Notice of Trustee Sale.



Does the FFA help banks in any way?

- Meet and confer and the "NOPFO process" helps banks in reaching out to borrowers. In theory a properly conducted meeting could reduce the need for mediation.
- Is this process consistent with the new Federal Servicing rules promulgated by CFPB?
 - If so, the FFA is a best practice that will assist banks because it provides a loose template for federal compliance starting on January 10, 2014.

